# **Assessment of Progress Towards Year 1 National Expectations**

Working towards the national standards	Working at the national standards	Working at a greater depth	
(Beginning)	(Achieving)	(Deep)	
If they do not meet 50% of the 'at national standards' statements	Pupils may make the occasional error but are generally confident in meeting the objectives	<ol><li>Meeting the deep standards but making the occasional mistake</li></ol>	
If they meet more than 50% (but not all) of the 'at national standards' statements	outlined  4. Confident at meeting standards, meeting at least 50% of deep statements	<ol> <li>Confident and rarely makes mistakes in relation to deep statements</li> </ol>	

	October Baseline	End of Autumn 2	End of Spring 2	End of Summer 2
Reading				
Writing				
Mathematics				

## Reading

#### Writing

#### At the national standards (Achieving)

# Word reading

- -Match all 40 graphemes to their phonemes (phase 3)
- -Blend sounds in unfamiliar words containing GPCs that have been taught
- -Read compound words
- -Read words with contractions [e.g. I'm, I'll, we'll] and understand that the apostrophe represents the omitted letter
- -Read phonetically decodable texts with confidence that do not require them to use other strategies to work out words
- -Read words containing -s, -es, -ing, -ed, -er and -est endings
- -Read common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word
- -Read words which have the prefix un added
- -Add the endings ing, ed, er to verbs where no change is needed to the root word
- -Read words of more than one syllable that contain taught GPCs

#### Comprehension

- -Participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say
- -Explain clearly their understanding of what is read to them

#### Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by:

- -Being encouraged to link what they read or hear read to their own experiences
- -Become very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, retelling them and considering their particular characteristics.
- -Learning to appreciate rhymes and poems and recite some by heart
- -Listening to and discussing a wide range of poems, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently

# Understand both the books they can already read accurately and fluently and those they listen to by:

- -Drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher
- -Checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading
- -Discussing the significance of the title and events
- -Making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done
- -Predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far
- -Recognising and joining in with predictable phrases
- -Discussing word meanings, linking new meaning to those already known

## Working at a greater depth (Deep)

- -Read accurately and confidently words of 2 or more syllables
- -Happy to read aloud in front of others
- -Read a wide range of texts e.g. signs and labels in the environment drawing from phonics knowledge when doing so
- -Make inferences and predictions using illustrations as an important feature in aiding reading
- -Talk about favourite authors or genres of books
- -Can predict what happens next in unfamiliar stories
- -Explain likes and dislikes related to the story they have read or a story they have had read to them
- -Aware of mistakes made because reading does not make sense to them
- -Re-read a passage if unhappy with own comprehension
- -Growing confidence to navigate the layout of a range of non-fiction texts

#### At the national standards (Achieving)

#### **Transcription**

- -Sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly
- -Begin to form lower case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the correct place
- -Form capital letters and the digits 0-9
- -Understand which letters belong to which handwriting families and to practise these
- -Identify known phonemes in unfamiliar words
- -Use syllables to divide words when spelling
- -Use knowledge of alternative phonemes to narrow down possibilities for accurate spelling
- -Use the spelling rule for adding -s or -es as the plural marker for nouns and the third person singular marker for verbs
- -Use -ing, -ed, -er and -est where no change is needed in the spelling of route words e.g. helping, helped, helper
- -Write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs and common exception words taught so far
- -Name the letters of the alphabet in order
- -Use letter names to show alternative spellings of the same phoneme
- -Write short stories about something personal to them

#### Composition

- -Say out loud what they are going to write about
- -Compose a sentence orally before writing it
- -Sequence sentences to form short narratives
- -Sequence sentences in chronological order to recount an event or experience
- -Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense
- -Read aloud their writing clearly enough to be heard by their peers and the teacher
- -Discuss what they have written with the teacher or other pupils
- -Leave spaces between words
- -Begin to punctuate sentences using a capital letter and a full stop, question mark or exclamation mark
- -Use a capital letter for names of people, places, the days of the week, and the personal pronoun I
- -Join words and clauses using 'and'
- -Know how the prefix -un can be added to words to change the meaning
- -Use the suffixes s, es, ed, er and ing within their writing
- -Use grammatical terminology when discussing their writing e.g. letter, capital letter, word, singular, plural, sentence, punctuation full stop, question mark and exclamation mark

# Working at a greater depth (Deep)

- -Know which letters sit below the line and which are tall letters
- -Consistent in use of lower case and capital letters
- -Sequence a short story or series of events related to learning in science, history and geography
- -Writing makes sense to the reader without additional explanation
- -Start a narrative by introducing a character
- -Organise writing so that the purpose is clear
- -Use pronouns to avoid repetition
- -Use adverbs to start sentences e.g. slowly, carefully, fortunately
- -Make sentences longer and use words other than 'and' 'and then' to join ideas together
- -Use new vocabulary for the first time in story or explanations and is excited about experimenting with new vocabulary
- -Sound out spellings when not sure and come up with phonetically plausible attempts at spelling unfamiliar words
- -Spell almost all words in the year 1 and 2 list accurately

#### **Mathematics**

#### At the national standards (Achieving)

#### Number

- -Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number
- -Count, read and write number to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of 2s, 5s and 10s
- -When given a number, identify 1 more and 1 less
- -Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most and least.
- -Read and write numbers from 1-20 in numerals and words
- -Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition, subtraction and equals sign
- -Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20
- -Add and subtract 1-digit and 2-digit numbers to 20 including 0
- -Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as, 7=? -9
- -Count on or back in 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s from any given number to 100
- -Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher
- -Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity
- -Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity

#### **Measurement & Geometry**

Compare, describe and solve practical problems for:

- -Lengths and heights, mass/weight, capacity and volume and time
- -Measure and begin to record the following: lengths and heights, mass/weight, capacity and volume and time
- -Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes
- -Sequence events in chronological order using language e.g. before, after, today, yesterday, tomorrow
- -Recognise and use language relating to dates including days of the week, weeks, months and years
- -Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times
- -Recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes
- -Describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three quarter turns

# Working at a greater depth (Deep)

- -Count reliably well beyond 100
- -Count on and back in 3s from any given number to beyond 100
- -Say the number that is 10 more or 10 less than a number to 100
- -Know the signs + = < >
- -Apply knowledge of number to solve a one-step problem involving an addition, subtraction and simple multiplication and division
- -Add and subtract 1 digit and 2 digit numbers to 50, including 0
- -Recognise all coins and notes and know their value
- -Use coins to pay for items bought up to £1
- -Use knowledge of time to know when key periods of the day happen, for example, lunchtime, home time

# Progress Towards Achieving National Standards in Reading, Writing and Mathematics in Year 1

Name:

Date of birth:

Class:



# Banks Road Infant & Nursery School

The statements enclosed are based on the National Curriculum expectations for the end of Year 1.